

mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase, GMP-Grade

Catalog #GMP-MEH-VE101

Storage Condition -20°C ± 5°C for 24 months. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Form Liquid

Source An *E. coli* strain that carries the gene for Vaccinia mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase

Storage Buffer 20mM Tris-HCl, 100mM NaCl, 50%Glycerol, 0.1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.1%Triton X-100, pH8.0(±0.05)

Concentration 50U/μL

Unit Definition One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to methylate 10 pmoles of 80 nt long capped RNA transcript in 1 hour at 37°C.

Product Contents

- mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase (50U/μL)
- 10X Capping Buffer (0.5M Tris-HCl, 50mM KCl, 10mM MgCl₂, 10mM DTT, pH 8.0)

Product Description

mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase adds a methyl group at the 2'-O position of the first nucleotide adjacent to the cap0 structure at the 5' end of RNA to obtain a cap1 structure. The enzyme utilizes S-adenosylmethionine (SAM) as a methyl donor to methylate capped RNA (cap-0). mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase requires RNA with an m⁷GpppN cap as substrate. [Vaccinia Capping Enzyme, GMP grade \(GMP-VCS-VE101\)](#) can be used together with mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase to generate cap-1 mRNA in a single reaction consisting of m⁷Gppp-Capping and 2'-O-Methylation. Cap-1 RNA structure may help with RNA evasion of innate immune response in some cell types and promote translation *in vivo*.

Applications

2'-O-methylation of capped *in vitro* transcripts

Quality Control Statement

This product has been filed with the FDA Drug Master Files and is assigned DMF #038029. KACTUS manufactures this product according to GMP guidelines and performs stringent quality control testing before release. The production is antibiotic- and animal-free.

Quality Control Release Criteria

Assay	Criteria
Activity (In-house method)	≥ 67.7kU/mL
Purity (SEC-HPLC)	≥ 95%
Residual Nickel Salt	≤ 10 ppm
Endotoxin	≤ 5EU/mL
Residual DNase	Negative
Residual RNase	Negative
Residual Protease	Negative
Residual Host Cell Protein	≤ 20ng/mg
Residual Host Cell DNA	≤ 100pg/mg
Residual Heavy Metal	≤ 10 ppm
Bioburden	≤ 1CFU/10mL

Protocol for 2'-O-Methylation of m⁷Gppp capped RNA

1. Dilute capped RNA (up to 10μg) with RNase-free water to a final volume of 16μL in a 1.5mL tube.
2. Incubate at 65°C for 5 min.
3. Place the tube on ice for 5 min.
4. Prepare the following reaction mixture in the specified order in the table below.

Reagent	Quantity
Denatured capped RNA	16μL
10X Capping Buffer	2μL
SAM (4mM)	1μL
mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase (50U/μL)	1μL

5. Incubate at 37°C for 1 hr. For RNA less than 200 nt long, increase incubation time to 2 hrs.
6. RNA is now in cap-1 structure and ready for use for downstream applications. Purify RNA if needed.

Notes

- The reaction can be scaled up as needed.
- RNA used for capping reactions should be purified prior to use and resuspended in nuclease-free water. EDTA should not be present, and the solution should be free of salts.
- The addition of 0.5 μL [Murine RNase Inhibitor](#) can help enhance the stability of RNA.
- Heating before capping reaction helps remove secondary structure on 5' end of RNA. Heating time can be extended to 10min with known highly structured 5'ends.
- SAM is unstable at pH 7–8, 37°C and should be mixed fresh prior to starting the reaction.

One-step m⁷Gppp-Capping and 2'-O-Methylation

1. Dilute uncapped RNA (up to 10 μ g) with RNase-free water to a final volume of 14 μ L in a 1.5mL tube.
2. Incubate at 65°C for 5 minutes.
3. Place the tube on ice for 5 minutes.
4. Prepare the following reaction mixture in the specified order in the table below.

Reagent	Quantity
Denatured uncapped RNA	14 μ L
10X Capping Buffer	2 μ L
GTP (10mM)	1 μ L
SAM (4mM)	1 μ L
Vaccinia Capping Enzyme (10U/μL)	1 μ L
mRNA Cap 2'-O-Methyltransferase (50U/ μ L)	1 μ L

5. Incubate at 37°C for 1 hour. For RNA less than 200 nt long, increase incubation time to 2 hrs.
6. RNA is now in cap-1 structure and ready for use for downstream applications. Purify RNA if needed.

Notes

- The reaction can be scaled up as needed.
- RNA used for capping reactions should be purified prior to use and resuspended in nuclease-free water. EDTA should not be present, and the solution should be free of salts.
- The addition of 0.5 μ L [Murine RNase Inhibitor](#) can help enhance the stability of RNA.
- Heating before capping reaction helps remove secondary structure on 5' end of RNA. Heating time can be extended to 10min with known highly structured 5'ends.
- SAM is unstable at pH 7–8, 37°C and should be mixed fresh prior to starting the reaction.